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Leopol, December 5.

FROM *Bialacierkom* they write that the Cossacks on this side the *Nieper* to the number of 2000 have taken Arms, resolving to serve the King of *Poland* in the War he is now engaged in against the Turks; those on the other side the *Nieper* seem to have the same disposition, but meet with greater difficulties, the passages of the River being secured by their General *Samuelowitz*, who is for the Interests of the Moscovites. We have likewise advice that the Sieur *Kunitzky* who commands a Body of Poles and Cossacks, hath taken the Town and Castle of *Niemirow*, and the City of *Scarogrodzin*, and put good Garsons into them. And we are assured that the Poles intend to attack *Caminiec*, which is the only place the Turks remain now possessed of in *Podolia*.

Cracow, December 10. The King of *Poland* continues still in *Hungary*, endeavouring to oblige *Calsbaw*, *Esperies*, and *Leutschau*, to receive Imperial Garisons, as well to weaken Count *Teckely* and his Party, by withdrawing these places from their Interests; as to secure the Winter-quarters that have been assigned his Troops, which in the mean time remain between the River *Gran* and the *Tibisc*, very much exposed to the Turks of *Buda*, *Pest*, *Agria*, &c. It is confirmed that Count *Teckely* is retired to *Weradin*, and that he has written to many of the Nobility and Towns of *Upper Hungary* to give them an account thereof, and to assure them that the Turks will be early in the field the next year, and with a greater Army than they had the last Campagne, and to exhort them not to do any thing in the mean time to the prejudice of their Engagement. Two days since passed through this place an Express who came from *Moscow* with Letters for our King, which he is gone to deliver to his Majesty in *Hungary*. It is said here that the Court at *Moscow* has received with great appearance of satisfaction the Overtures that have been made of an Alliance between the Emperor, the King of *Poland*, and the Czars, against their common Enemy; and that there is great reason to believe the Ambassador which the Emperor is sending to *Moscow*, will have the credit of concluding it.

Dantzicke, December 18. Our last Letters from *Cracow* told us, that the Queen of *Poland* continued there, expecting the King in his return from *Hungary*, where it seems his Majesty is detained much longer than he intended, to secure the Winter-quarters assigned his Troops. From *Leopol* they write that the Sieur *Kunieski* had above 20000 Cossacks under his command, that they had taken several places from the Turks in the *Ukraine*, and still kept the Field notwithstanding the sharpness of the Season. That the Turks in *Caminiec* were in a great Consternation, apprehending a Siege so soon as the Weather will permit it, for which they are very ill provided, and that the Castellan of *Cracow* was marching with the Troops under his command, to fall upon a Body of *Tartars*, who he had notice were abroad. There are Letters from *Slusko* in *Lithuania*, which give an account that the Commissioners of *Poland* and *Moscovy* for the regulating the Limits and other Differences between the two Crowns, were to meet as this day at a place called *Kubrini* on the Frontiers of *Moscovy*.

Stockholm, December 18. The King has named the Sieur *Charles Guldenlii* one, the Sieur *Gierkfled*, and the Sieur *Stakelberg*, to go his Ambassadors to *Moscovy*, to be present at the Solemnity of the Czars swearing the Peace between the two Crowns, which was lately performed here by our King in the presence of the Moscovite Ambassadors.

Genoua, December 22. By a Vessel arrived from the Coast of *Barbary* we have advice that the Algerines continue resolute not to make a Peace with the French upon the Terms proposed by Monsieur *du Quesne*. That they work day and night to repair their Fortifications towards the Sea. And that they have at present nine Men of War abroad. A Vessel belonging to this place arrived here four days agone having been visited off of *Malaga* by the Chevalier *de Leri*, who was returning with four Men of War under his command to *Thoulon*. They write from *Rome* that the Pope do's extremely press the Republick of *Venice* to enter into the War against the Turks, and offers towards the enabling them to prosecute it, to give them the Tenths of all the Ecclesiastical Revenues within that State.

Venice, December 25. On Thursday last the Duke of *Mantoua*, who hath spent some short time here, parted from hence on his return home, intending to be here again against the Carnaval. This Senate is sending the Procurator *Landi* to the Court of *Rome*, and he has orders to hasten his departure. Our Letters from *Spalatro* inform us, that a party of Morlaques had been very near that place with design to surprize several Turkish Merchants, who they had notice were travelling that way, but that they missed them; and that 2000 Morlaques were marching towards *Clissa* to attack that place. Our advices from *Turkey* do all speak of the great preparations which are making against Spring, but withal tell us, that there is among the people a general dissatisfaction and averseness to the War.

Vienna, December 26. Provision is making here, by order of our Governor, of Materials for repairing the two Bastions and the Ravelin ruined by the Mines and Cannon of the Turks during the late Siege, which are to be taken in hand so soon as the weather will suffer it, and a Fund of 100 thousand Crowns is assigned for this Service. From *Hungary* we have an account that the Bassa of *Offen* hath demolish'd the Fortifications of that City, and that instead thereof are building some new Fortifications